Impact Factor of the journal or citation to the articles for evaluating the curriculum vita of a researcher

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Impact Factor

An Impact Factor is one of the measurements of the relative importance of a journal, individual article, or researcher to literature and research.

Calculation for impact factor revised to exclude self-citations¹,²,³

A= citations in 1992 to articles published in 1990-91
B= 1992 self-citations to articles published in 1990-91
C= A - B = total citations minus self-citations to recent articles
D= number of articles published 1990-91
E= revised impact factor (C/D)

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Editorial

"Some scientists "published research article" will be having lots of "citations" but it might not be published in a "high impact factor journal". There is no value for these scientists?"
Importance of citation analysis

1. Promotions and tenure of the scientists/ academicians when a limited number of higher posts with several applicants.
2. Scientifically document and quantify the impact of the research done by the researcher.
3. While applying research grants for submitting to different funding agencies for justification to the quality of the researcher to avail grants.
4. To find out whether the research is relevant to the community or rest of the world and other scientists (Generalisation of the research).

Important points to remember while evaluating a CV

1. Sometimes the number of times the article cited is not a merit of the article. Eg It is seen that a paper with plagiarism cited several times by several authors. Other instance a bad quality article is criticised by several authors. Both the cases journal and the researcher who published the bad work got benefited.
2. Some of the methods used to evaluate citations will not consider the citations by books and thesis.
3. Some disciplines like law, humanities have low number of journals compared to medicine so while comparing a researchers between these two disciplines will give wrong impact so better to compare the researchers from same discipline.
4. Whenever review articles are taking into account it will boost the citation of the researcher compared to a research article. So, a researcher published few good review articles can get more citations compared to a scientist who published very good research articles.
5. Some of the researchers do self citation for getting visibility to their research work which can falsify the evaluation.
6. One should read the available best resources related to impact factor and citations before evaluating the CV.

Sources for getting information regarding the citations of a published research article

1. Web of Science
2. Scopus
3. Google Scholar
4. Academic Search Premier
5. Business Source Premier
6. CINAHL
7. PsycINFO
8. PubMed Central
9. Science Direct

Suggestions

1. For a young researcher who is trying to get funds for his higher education or projects better to use the impact factor of the journal where he published his works.

Impact Factor of the journal or citation to the articles

2. For a senior academician or scientist it is better to use H index, i10 index, and the total number of citations excluding the self citations. It is very difficult to get lots of citations for a young researcher who recently started publishing his works however the work will be excellent.

Conclusion:

CV bibliography of the scientists/ researchers should emphasise not only the Impact Factor of the journal published but also the citations to the articles. We must be aware that many of the high impact journals are paid journals; it will be difficult for a brilliant researcher who has less funds and resources to afford that. Best way to increase the citations are publishing the article in a open access journal and other method is to become a member of the Professional network for scientists and researchers like research gate, Researcher ID, Epernicus Network, Academia.edu, Scholar Universe.

Conflict of interest:

There is no conflict of interest among authors arising from the study.

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publication bias, and other characteristics associated with citation of published studies in peer-reviewed journals. JAMA 2002, 287:2847-2850.


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